



Evanston Gardens
Primary School

EVANSTON GARDENS PRIMARY SCHOOL OSHC

Dealing With Infectious Diseases Policy



Government of South Australia
Department for Education

Dealing With Infectious Diseases Policy

Purpose

The Education and Care Services National Regulations requires education and care services implement specific strategies to minimise the spread of infectious illness and maintain a healthy environment for all children, staff, educators and families. The spread of infections in the education and care environment is facilitated by microbial contamination of the environment, as well as the greater exposure to young children who are still developing hygienic behaviours and habits. Our Out of School Hours Care (OSHC) Service will minimise children's and staff's exposure to infectious diseases by adhering to all recommended guidelines from relevant authorities regarding the prevention of infectious diseases, promoting practices that reduce the transmission of infection, ensuring the exclusion of sick children and educators, supporting child immunisation, and implementing effective hygiene practices.

Children encounter many other children and adults within the OSHC Service environment which can result in the contraction of infectious illnesses. Our OSHC Service has a duty of care to ensure that children families, educators, and visitors of the Service are provided with a high level of protection during the hours of the Service's operation. We aim to minimise cross contamination and the spread of infectious illnesses by implementing best practice and high standards of personal hygiene infection control and supervision while supporting children's emotional wellbeing during illness and exclusion periods within our OSHC Service.

This policy communicates clear directions and guidance about protocols and actions to be followed to avoid adversely affecting the safety and health of children, other staff members and visitors to the service. A simple, safe and effective way of protecting individuals and others within the community against harmful diseases is immunisation. All decisions relating to illness management, exclusion, outbreak response and attendance during infectious disease risks are guided by the paramount consideration of children's safety, health, rights and best interests.

Scope

This policy applies to children, families, staff, educators, management, approved provider, nominated supervisor, students, volunteers and visitors of the OSHC Service.

Implementation

Under the Education and Care Services National Regulations, the approved provider must ensure policies and procedures are in place in relation to dealing with infectious diseases. (ACECQA, August 2021).

Our Service is committed to minimise the spread of infectious diseases and viruses by implementing recommendations as stated in the [Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services \(6th Edition\)](#) developed by the Australian Government National Health and Medical Research Council and advice provided from the Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC).

We are guided by decisions regarding exclusion periods and notification of infectious diseases by the *Australian Government- Department of Health* and SA Health as per the Public Health Act.

This policy must be read in conjunction with our other Quality Area 2 policies:

- Immunisation Policy
- Incident, Illness, Accident and Trauma Policy and
- Medical Conditions Policy and
- Handwashing Policy
- Child Protection Policy

Infectious disease management practices will be implemented in a manner that upholds child safe principles, including adequate supervision, respectful interactions, protection of children's dignity and privacy, and emotional wellbeing, particularly when children are isolated or unwell.

Definition of an Infectious Disease

In relation to a participating jurisdiction, means an infectious disease that is designated under a law of that jurisdiction or by a health authority (however described) as a disease that would require a person with the disease to be excluded from an education and care service (Definitions- Education and Care Services National Regulations).

Preventing Infectious Diseases

Children often enter school and education and care services when their immune systems are still developing. They have not been exposed to many common germs and therefore are susceptible to bacteria that may cause infections. Given the close physical contact children have with other children in OSHC it is very easy for infectious diseases and illnesses to spread through normal daily activities as germs can be picked up directly from an infected person or from the environment. It is important to understand that an infected person may not show any signs or symptoms of illness.

Our OSHC Service implements rigorous hygienic practices to limit the spread of illness and infectious diseases including:

- immunisation- for children and adults
- effective hand washing hygiene
- respiratory hygiene- cough and sneeze etiquette
- appropriate use of gloves and other PPE
- exclusion of children, educators or staff when they are unwell or displaying symptoms of an infectious disease or virus
- effective environmental cleaning including toys and resources
- requesting parents and visitors to wash their hands with soap and water or hand sanitizer upon arrival and departure at the OSHC Service
- encouraging use of the outdoors environment
- ensuring adequate ventilation
- encouraging children, educators or staff to seek medical attention and get tested if they show symptoms of an infectious disease or virus, including COVID-19.

Immunisation Requirements

Immunisation is a reliable way to prevent many childhood infectious diseases. When enrolling a child in an Out of School Hours Care Service, parents will be asked to provide an Immunisation History Statement. Should a child not be fully immunised according to the National Immunisation Program Schedule, they will not be prevented from enrolling.

- Only parents of children who are fully immunised or are on a recognised catch-up schedule or have an approved medical exemption recorded on the Australian Immunisation Register (AIR) can receive Child Care Subsidy (CCS)
- Educators and other staff at our OSHC Service are highly recommended to keep up to date with all immunisations including yearly influenza vaccinations.

Excluding Children From the OSHC Service

'Excluding children, staff and parents who are at risk of transmitting infection to others limits the spread of infection in education and care services.' (Staying healthy, 2024, p. 75)

The need for exclusion and the length of time a person is excluded from the Service depends on:

- the type of infection
- if symptoms are present and how severe they are
- how easily the infection or disease can spread
- how long the person is likely to be infectious

When a child or adult has symptoms or has been diagnosed with an illness or infectious disease, the Service will refer to information about recommended exclusion periods from the SA Health and *Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services*, 6th edition.

Although some illnesses will state ‘*not excluded*’, any child or staff member displaying symptoms of an illness or condition are encouraged to stay at home and/or seek medical advice for any concerning symptoms or if symptoms continue. [Exclusion for common or concerning conditions](#)

- When an infectious disease has been diagnosed or suspected, the OSHC Service will display appropriate documentation and alerts for families including information on the illness/disease, symptoms, infectious period and the exclusion period. (Fact sheets are available [Staying Healthy Guidelines](#))
- Staff and children that have had diarrhoea and/or vomiting will be excluded from the Service until there has not been any diarrhoea or vomiting for at least **24 hours**. If the diarrhoea or vomiting are confirmed to be norovirus, they will be excluded until there has not been any diarrhoea or vomiting for at least 48 hours. Staff who handle food will be excluded from the Service for up to **48 hours** after they have stopped vomiting or having diarrhoea. [Staying healthy, 2024.]
- Decisions about exclusion will consider the child’s wellbeing, family circumstances and public health advice, while prioritising the safety of all children and staff.

Reporting Outbreaks to the Public Health Unit and Regulatory Authority (Reg. 175 (2)(C))

Outbreaks of communicable diseases and contagious viruses represent a threat to public health. To help prevent outbreaks, SA Health monitors the number of people who contract certain infectious diseases and their characteristics, the recent travel or attendance of infected people in a public place or on public transport and works with health specialists and doctors to help prevent the transmission of diseases to other people.

SA legislation lawfully requires and authorises doctors, hospitals, laboratories, school principals and childcare centre directors to confidentially notify SA Health of patients with certain conditions, and to provide the required information on the notification forms. Specialist trained public health staff review this information and if necessary, contact the patient’s doctor, and sometimes the patient, to provide advice about disease control and to complete the collection of information.

All notifications and displays will protect the privacy of infected children, families and staff in line with privacy legislation and the Service’s *Privacy and Confidentiality Policy*. Under the Commonwealth Privacy Acts, patient information is only released/disclosed where it is lawfully required or authorised.

The approved provider is required to notify the local SA Health by phone as soon as possible after they are made aware that a child enrolled at the Service is suffering from one of the following vaccine preventable diseases.

- Diphtheria
- Hib (Haemophilus influenzae type b)
- Mumps
- Poliomyelitis
- Meningococcal disease
- Rubella ('German measles')
- Measles
- Pertussis ('whooping cough')
- Tetanus

Notification is also required for:

- Gastroenteritis (if 2 or more people are affected and an outbreak is suspected)

Management will closely monitor health alerts and guidelines from Public Health Units and the Australian Government- Department of Health for any advice and emergency health management in the event of a contagious illness outbreak. The approved provider must also notify the regulatory authority of any incidence of a notifiable infectious disease or illness that poses a risk to health, safety and wellbeing of children within 24 hours.

The Approved Provider /Nominated Supervisor Will Ensure:

- that obligations under the Education and Care Services National Law and Education and Care Services National Regulations are met
- educators, staff, students, visitors and volunteers have knowledge of and adhere to this policy and associated procedure
- all new employees are provided with a copy of this policy as part of their induction process
- families are aware of this *Dealing with Infectious Diseases Policy* upon enrolment
- children are protected from harm by ensuring relevant policies and procedures are followed regarding health and safety within the OSHC Service
- an Immunisation History Statement for each child is requested on enrolment regarding the child's immunisation status (AIR) and any medical conditions
- a staff immunisation record that documents each staff member's previous infection or immunisations (including dates) is developed and maintained

- the OSHC Service implements recommendations from [*Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services- 6th Edition*](#) to maintain a healthy environment
- that all information regarding the prevention of infectious diseases is sourced from a recognised health authority [Australian Government Department of Health, Disability and Ageing](#)
- exclusion periods for people with infectious diseases recommended by Government Authorities are implemented for all staff, children, parents, families and visitors
- the Public Health Unit (SA Health) is notified as soon as possible after they are made aware that a child enrolled has a vaccinated preventable disease
- the Public Health Unit (SA Health) is notified in the event of an outbreak of viral gastroenteritis. Management must document the number of cases, dates of onset, duration of symptoms. An outbreak is when two or more children or staff have a sudden onset of diarrhoea or vomiting in a 2-day period.
- after confirmation that a child is suffering from an infectious disease, and as soon as practical, the family of each child enrolled in the Service must be notified whilst maintaining the privacy of the ill/infectious child. Communication may be:
 - verbal
 - through a letter from the educator or approved provider
 - via electronic message- text message or email
 - notice clearly displayed at the OSHC Service
- families are advised that they are requested to alert the Service if their child is diagnosed with an infectious illness, including COVID
- daily attendance records for staff, children and visitors are up to date at all times
- safe health and hygiene practices are implemented at all times
- educators and staff routinely role model hand washing, hand drying, cough and sneeze etiquette
- effective environmental cleaning policies and procedures are adhered to all times
- children are supported in their understanding of health and hygiene practices throughout the daily program and routine (hand washing, hand drying, cough and sneeze etiquette)
- families are provided with relevant sourced materials and information on infectious diseases, health, and hygiene including:
 - the current National Immunisation Schedule
 - exclusion guidelines in the event of a vaccine preventable illness at the Service for children that are not immunised or have not yet received all their immunisations
 - advice and information regarding any infectious diseases in general and information regarding any specific infectious illnesses that are suspected/present in the Service.
- all educators are mindful and maintain confidentiality of individual children's medical circumstances

- that opportunities for educators to source pertinent up to date information from trusted sources on the prevention of infectious diseases and maintaining health and hygiene are provided
- families are advised to keep children at home if they are unwell and not return to the Service until they have improved
- the recommended minimum exclusion periods from *Staying healthy* are followed for children or staff depending on their symptoms or disease and whether a medical professional has diagnosed a specific condition
- to minimise the chance of disease/illness spreading, children must be well for **24 hrs** before returning to the OSHC Service
- to complete the register of *Incident, Injury, Trauma or Illness* and/or document incidents of infectious diseases no later than 24 hours of an illness or infectious disease occurring in the Service
- a review of practices is conducted following an outbreak of illness or infectious diseases at the OSHC Service, including an assessment of areas for improvement
- educators or staff who have diarrhoea or an infectious disease do not handle food for others and are not to return to work until they have been symptom free for 48 hours
- any risk to a child or adult with complex medical needs is minimised in the event of an outbreak of an infectious disease or virus. This may require a risk assessment and decision-making regarding the suitability of attendance of the child or staff member during this time.

Educators Will Ensure:

- that any child suspected of having an infectious illness is responded to and their health and emotional needs supported at all times
- any child suspected of having an infectious illness is separated from other children and supervised by an educator or staff member whilst waiting for collection by parents/guardian or emergency contact person
- they apply child safe practices when caring for unwell children, including maintaining professional boundaries and respectful physical contact
- they maintain children's dignity and privacy when managing symptoms, applying first aid or supporting hygiene needs
- ensure supervision arrangements are adjusted as required during outbreaks or increased illness to maintain child safety at all times
- that appropriate health and safety procedures are implemented when treating ill children e.g.; wear disposable gloves, face mask or other PPE if needed
- families are aware of the need to collect their unwell child/ children as soon as practicable from the OSHC Service

- all resources or items touched by a child with a suspected illness are thoroughly cleaned and disinfected e.g.; cushions, toys
- their own immunisation status is maintained, and the approved provider/nominated supervisor is advised of any updates to their immunisation status
- opportunities are provided for children to participate in hygiene practices, including routine opportunities, and intentional practice such as hand washing, sneezing and cough etiquette
- consideration is given to the combination of children to decrease the risk of attaining an infectious illness when planning the routines/program of the day
- they adhere to the OSHC Service's *Health and Safety Policy* including:
 - hand washing
 - daily cleaning of the OSHC Service
 - wearing gloves (particularly when in direct contact with bodily fluids)
 - appropriate and hygienic handling and preparation of food
 - providing adequate ventilation to reduce the transmission of diseases that are airborne
- they maintain up-to-date knowledge regarding best practice principles and high standards of hygiene to reduce the spread of infectious disease and promote good health and safety.

Prevention Strategies for Minimising the Spread of Disease Within our Service - Staff and Educators Will Ensure:

- a healthy environment is provided through adherence to the [Staying Healthy cleaning guidelines](#)
- utility gloves (if worn) and washed and dried between uses
- surfaces are cleaned first with detergent and water before using disinfectants. (Disinfectants cannot kill germs unless areas are clean)
- that if a child has a toileting accident, the items are placed in a plastic bag with the child's name on it, or in their bag.
- cloths and mops are colour coded so that a separate cloth or mop is used to clean floors, bathroom, art and craft, and meal surfaces
- detachable mop heads and cloths are washed in a washing machine using hot water and air dried
- all washable toys/equipment out on display for the children are to be cleaned on a weekly basis to decrease the risk of cross contamination and recorded with the date and a signature as evidence.
- toys and equipment (that are difficult to wash) will be washed with detergent (or soap and water) and air-dried in sunlight
- washable toys and equipment will be washed in detergent and hot water or the dishwasher and aired to dry (toys will not be washed in the dishwasher at the same time as dishes). All toys and equipment that have been cleaned will be recorded on the toy cleaning register.

- all cleaning procedures will be recorded on the Service's Cleaning Checklist
- floor surfaces will be cleaned on a daily basis after each meal and at the end of each day
- toilets/bathrooms will be cleaned at the end of the day and whenever needed throughout the day using detergent and water followed by disinfectant and paper towel
- when cleaning up spills of faeces, vomit or urine off floors, bathrooms etc. educators will use disinfectant on the surface after cleaning it with detergent and warm water
- pregnant staff members should not assist in toileting or cleaning up toileting accidents to prevent unexpected cross contamination and risk of contracting [Cytomegalovirus \(CMV\)](#). The occupational risks of CMV infection must be discussed with management of the OSHC Service.

Families Will:

- adhere to the OSHC Service's policies regarding *Dealing with Infectious Diseases, Immunisation and Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness* and adhere to exclusion requirements
- alert the OSHC Service if their child is diagnosed with an infectious illness, including COVID-19 or influenza
- exclude their child from care for the recommended minimum exclusion period if they display symptoms of an infectious illness or disease
- adhere to the OSHC Service's restrictions of entry into the Service in the event of an outbreak of an infectious disease or virus
- adhere to the OSHC Service's policy regarding *Hand Washing*
- exclude their child from care if they display symptoms of an infectious illness or disease or in the event of a vaccine preventable disease occurs in the OSHC Service and their child is not immunised fully
- adhere to the OSHC Service's risk minimisation strategies if their child has complex medical needs in the event of an outbreak of an infectious disease or virus.

Resources

[Gastro Pack NSW Health](#)

[Common cold fact sheet](#)

[Exclusion from childcare, preschool, school and work | SA Health](#)

Pregnancy Birth and Baby. [Cytomegalovirus \(CMV\) during pregnancy](#).

[You've Got What? | SA Health](#)

Continuous Improvement/Reflection

Our *Dealing with Infectious Diseases Policy* will be evaluated and reviewed on an annual basis or earlier if there are changes to legislation, ACECQA guidance or any incident related to our policy. Feedback will be requested from children, families, staff, educators and management, and notification of any change to policies will be made to families within 14 days.

Sources

Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2026). *Guide to the National Quality Framework*

Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2021). *Dealing with infectious diseases Policy and procedures guidelines*.

Children (Education and Care Services) National Law

Department of Human Resources: National Immunisation Program Schedule

Early Childhood Australia. (2016). *Code of Ethics*.

Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010

Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011

National Health and Medical Research Council. (2024). *Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services. 6th Edition*.

COVID-19 health information | SA Health

Early childhood services and immunisation requirements | SA Health

Public Health Act 2011 (SA)

Safe Work Australia

Review

Policy Reviewed By	Nikki Priestman	Principal	09/03/2026
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Policy Reviewed	Previous Modifications		Next Review Date
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